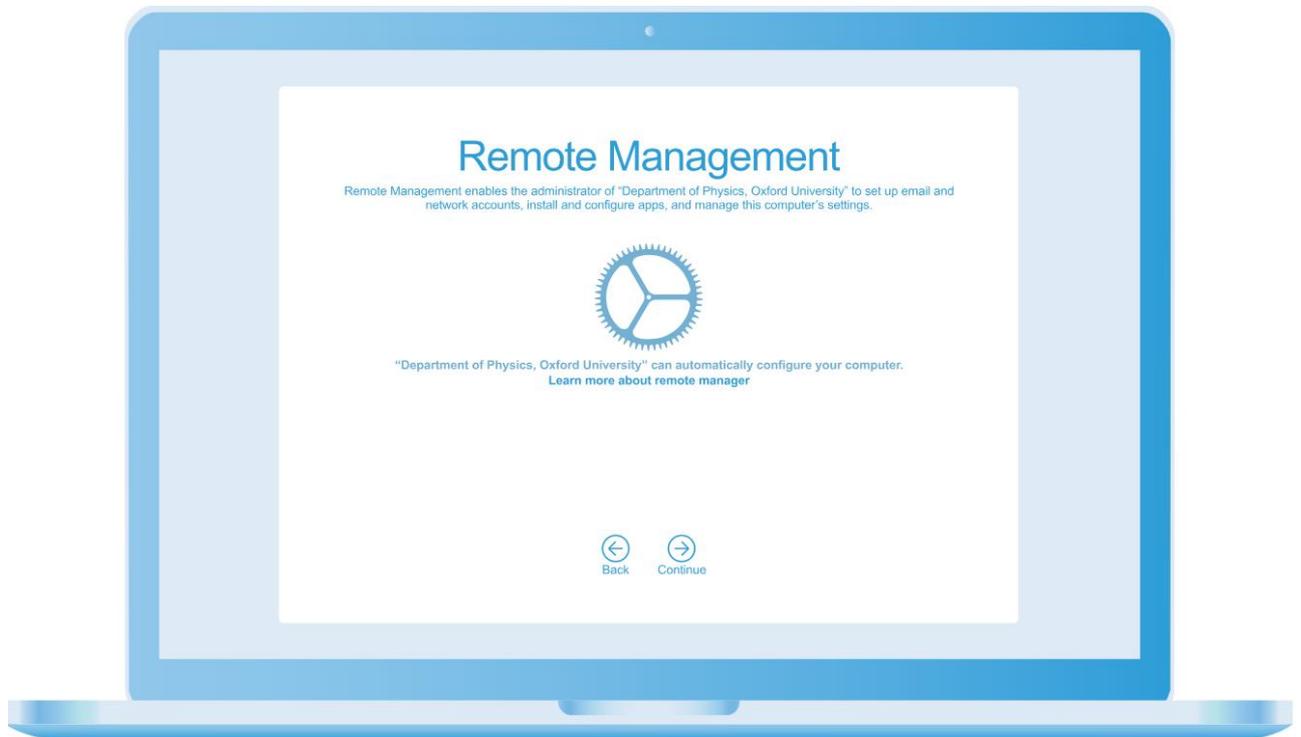


How to bypass MDM on Mac using iRemove

Step 1. Get your Mac ready for MDM bypass:

If your Mac is displaying the Remote Management Configuration Lock Screen, as shown in the image below, please skip this step and move on to the next step in the guide



If not, you'll have to reinstall Mac OS by following these steps:

- [Guide: How to reinstall macOS](#)

Once MacOS has been reinstalled, your MDM-locked device will start up to the MacOS Remote Management Setup Screen (refer to the image above). You're now ready to proceed to the next step in the guide.

Activate Recovery Mode on your device. Follow the steps provided in the guide below to enter Recovery Mode.

- [Guide: Use macOS Recovery on an Intel-based Mac](#)
- [Guide: Use macOS Recovery on a Mac with Apple silicon](#)

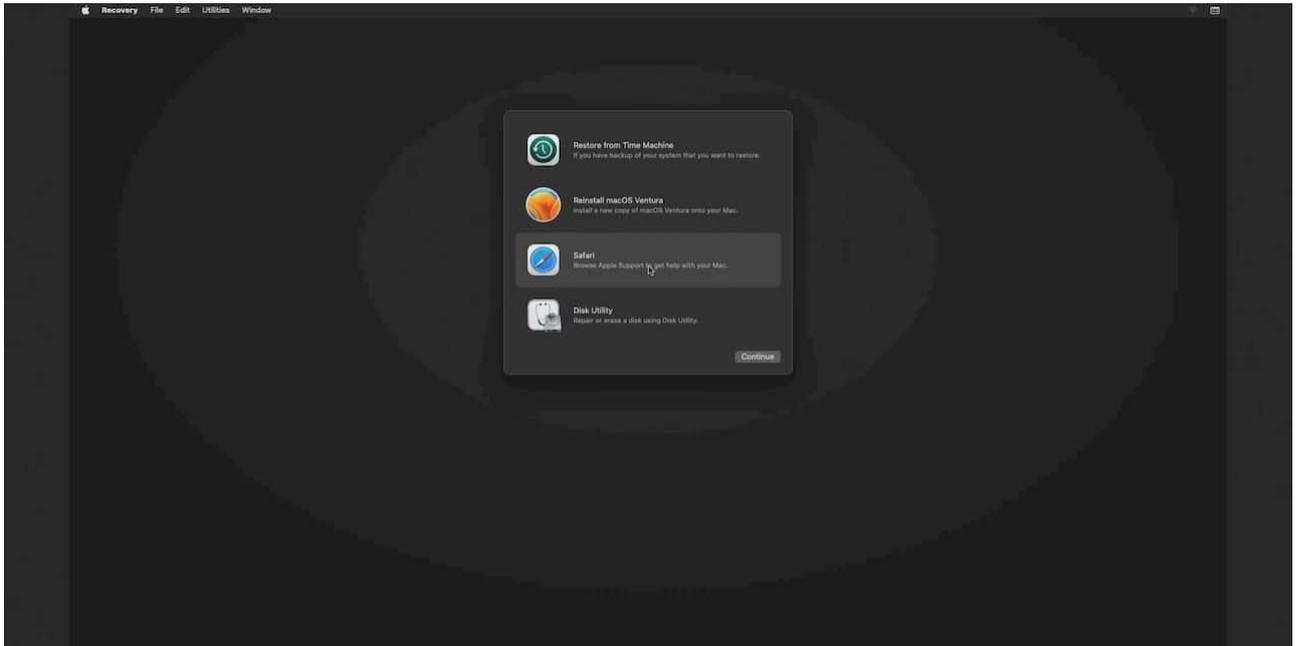
Once the device is in recovery mode, ensure it's properly connected to either a WiFi network or a LAN cable that provides internet access.

Connect to the internet using Wi-Fi:

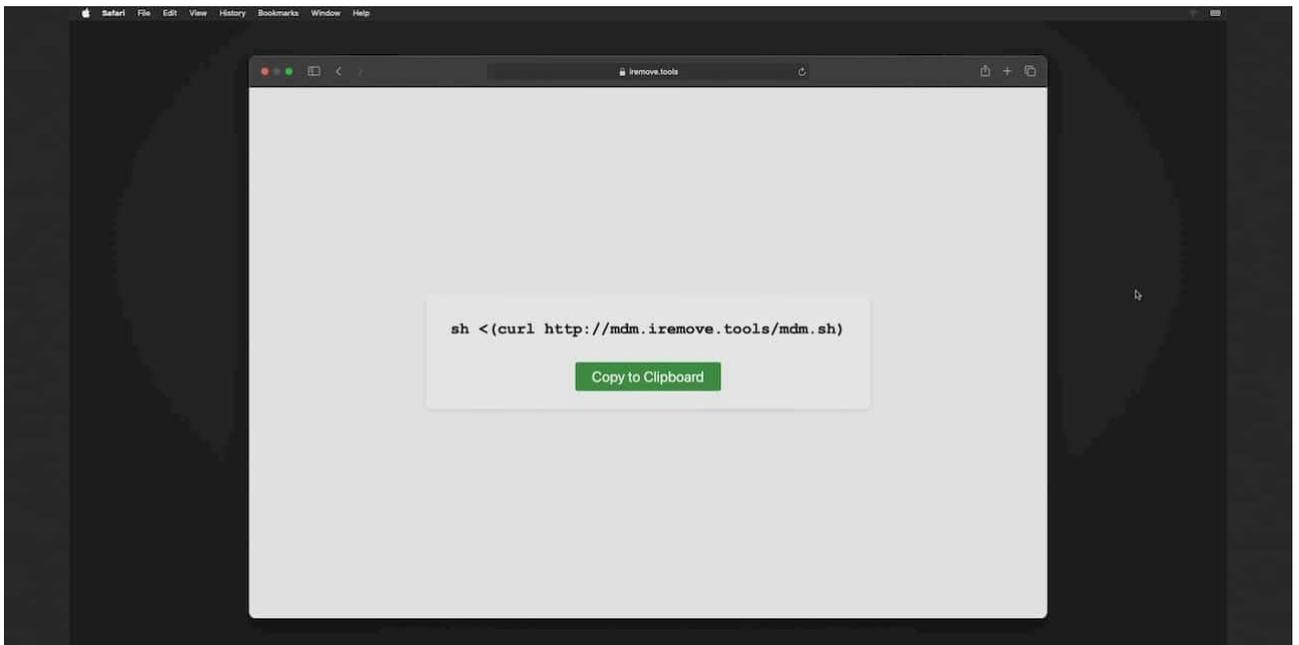
- Enable Wi-Fi: Click on the Wi-Fi menu icon and select 'Turn Wi-Fi On'.
- Connect to a network: Click the Wi-Fi menu icon. Select your desired network. If prompted, enter the network password.

Step 2. Initiate the MDM Bypass Process for Mac:

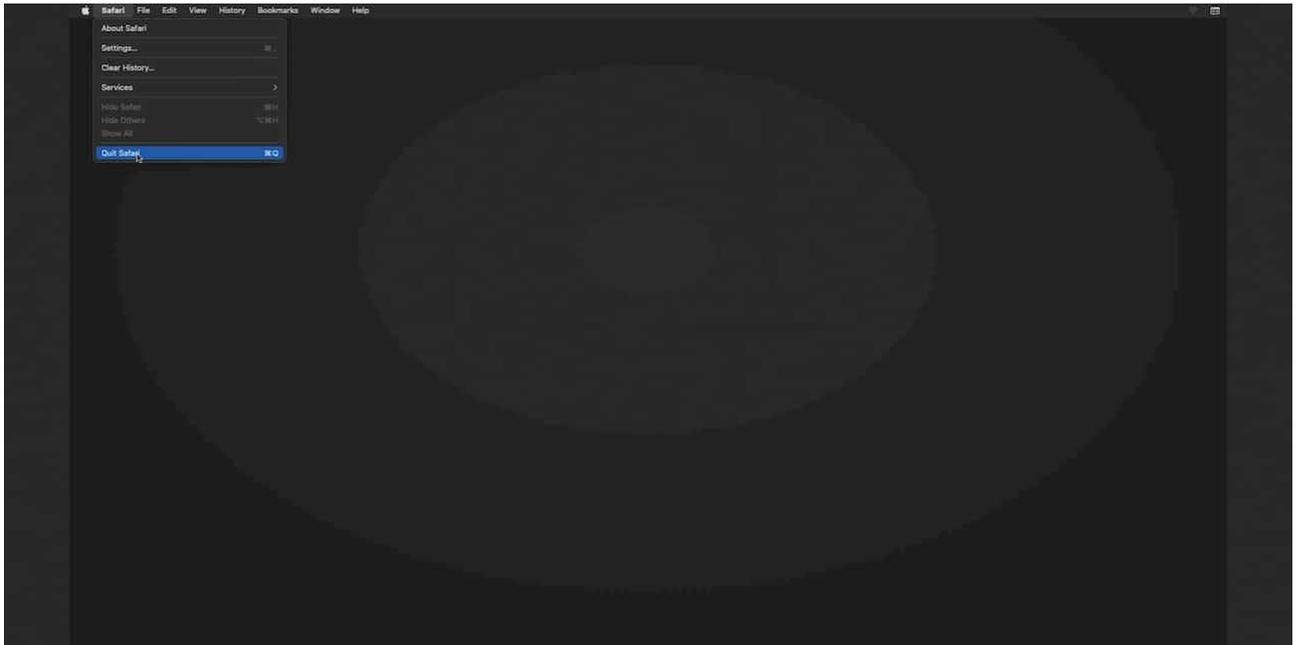
1. Launch Safari by choosing it from the available list of applications:



2. Type <https://iremove.tools/code> into the browser's search bar and press the copy button.



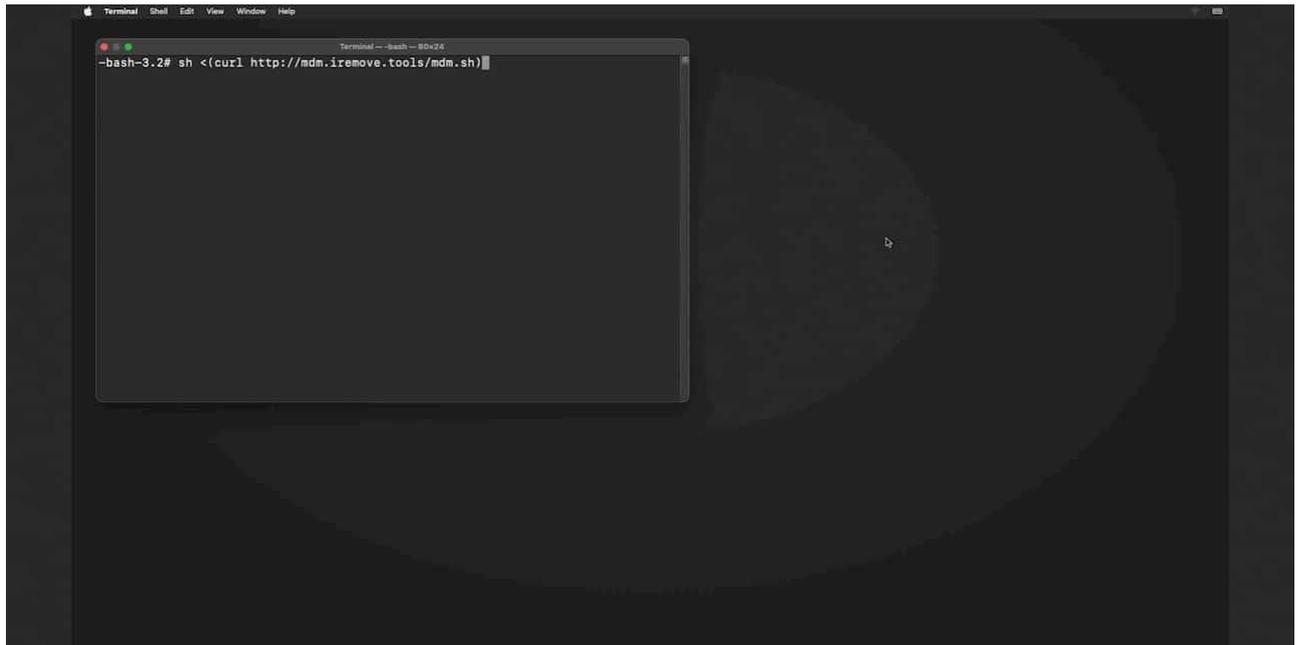
3. Exit the browser by choosing **Quit Safari**



4. Access the Terminal from the menu bar. Click on '**Utilities**' and select '**Terminal**' from the dropdown list.



5. Paste the command you copied earlier from the browser using Command (⌘)+V, and then hit the Enter key to execute the command.



6. You can also type the command into the terminal yourself. Here's the command:

```
sh <(curl http://mdm.remove.tools/mdm.sh)
```

Then the software will verify it and initiate the MDM bypass process. Once the process is completed, you'll receive the following message in the terminal:

