

littleBits GIZMOS & GADGETS

INVENTIONS

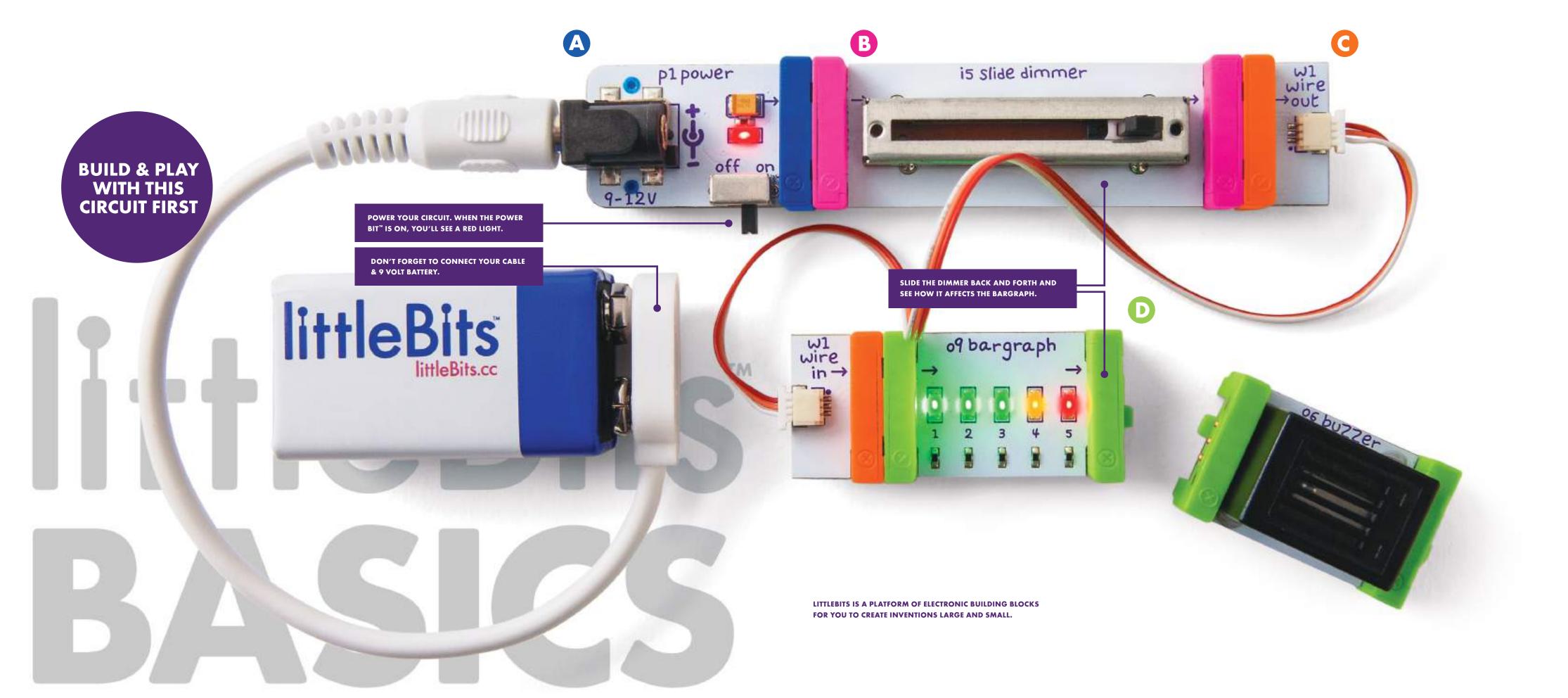
2 littleBits Basics

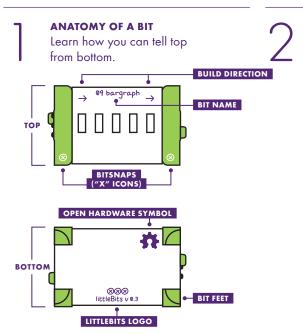
- 4 Breezy Buddy **5** Spinmate
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- shooting
- 3 littleBits Invention Cycle









COLOR-CODED BY FUNCTION

Bits are grouped into four different categories, which are color-coded.

A POWER (BLUE)

Power Bits, plus a power supply run power through your circuit.

B INPUT (PINK)

Input Bits accept input from you or Output Bits do something the environment and send signals light up, buzz, move... that affect the Bits that follow.

G WIRE (ORANGE)

Wire Bits connect to other systems and let you build circuits in new directions.

D OUTPUT (GREEN)

Learn more about your Bits in the BIT INDEX ON PG 20

MAGNET MAGIC!

Bits snap together with magnets. The magnets are always right – you can't snap them together the wrong way.

ARROWS SHOULD POINT IN THE SAME DIRECTION

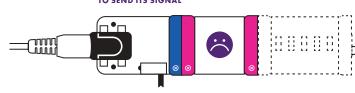


IF THE BITS WON'T SNAP TOGETHER, TRY SPINNING ONE AROUND AND MAKE SURE THE ARROWS POINT IN THE SAME DIRECTION



affect the **OUTPUT BITS** that come after them. WITH NO OUTPUT BIT AFTER IT, THE INPUT BIT HAS NOWHERE

POWER BITS always come first and **INPUT BITS** only



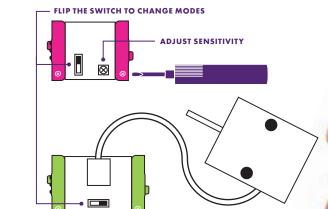
ORDER IS IMPORTANT

THE INPUT BIT AFFECTS THE OUTPUT BITS THAT FOLLOW



SOME BITS ARE ADJUSTABLE

Switches, buttons, and sensitivity dials on the board allow you to change how the Bit functions.



THE LITTLEBITS INVENTION CYCLE

Keep an eye out for these icons as you're inventing! Learn more

about THE LITTLEBITS INVENTION CYCLE PG 23



LEARN MORE ON PAGE 23

BREEZY BUDDY

BUILD YOUR CIRCUIT.

CREATING YOUR OWN ELECTRONIC INVENTIONS CAN BE FUN, and functional! Whether your classroom feels like the surface of the sun or you want to bring the breeze with you on your next nature walk, this simple fan will keep you cool.

PRESS YOUR CIRCUIT ONTO THE

to the board with Glue Dots.

Turn the power Bit™ on

TROUBLESHOOTING PG 20

and slide the dimmer.

The fan should spin.

MOUNTING BOARD. Stick the battery

COMMUNITY CHALLENGE:

You just invented an electronic

fan! WHAT OTHER HOUSEHOLD

LITTLEBITS.CC/GGKIT & THE APP

CUSTOMIZE: Can you make your

Breezy Buddy into a **WEARABLE**

around the house to attach to your

FAN? Use craft materials from

OBJECTS can you create with

your Bits?

body or clothes.



Your fan should be blowing **AWAY** from the circuit.

ress the fan's little feet onto the mounting board

so it stands up on its side.













SPINMATE

MAKE A SPINNING SIGN FOR YOUR LEMONADE STAND OR A CREATURE THAT DANCES DIZZILY ON YOUR DESK! Create this versatile invention and let your



While your circuit is off, ATTACH A

will spin on top of the wheel.

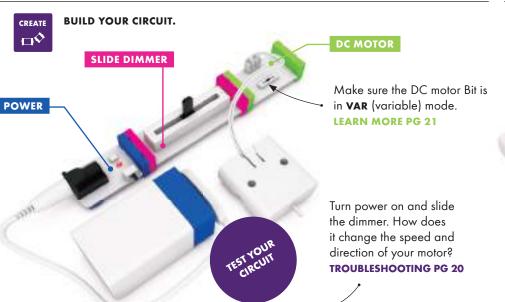
WHEEL TO THE DC MOTOR. Your sign



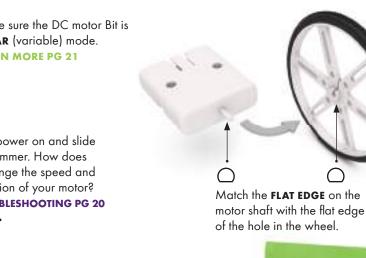


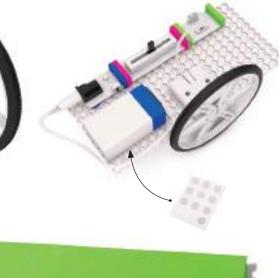






SPIN YOUR HEART OUT! Set the wheel on a flat surface. It will act as the base for





PRESS YOUR CIRCUIT ONTO THE

to stick the battery to the board.

MOUNTING BOARD. Use Glue Dots





COMMUNITY CHALLENGE: How would you show your personality on a sign? WHAT DO YOU WANT TO SAY?





POWER

3 PLAY

A SPINNING FAN CAN DO MORE THAN BLOW AIR. Could yours predict the future? Here we use the fan's spinning motion to tune any question - we just hope you're a fan of the answer!

MATERIALS

- paper







Turn power on and move the slide dimmer up to get the fan spinning. Slide the dimmer back down. When the blades stop, THE ARROW WILL POINT TOWARD YOUR DESTINY!





YOU CAN DO SO MANY THINGS WITH THE **CIRCUIT YOU JUST CREATED.** By adding a few adhesive shoes, Glue Dots, a paper a spin art platform!

MATERIALS

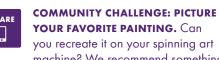
- adhesive shoes (2)
- Glue Dots (2)
- paper plate markers

SHARE AT
LITTLEBITS.CC/GGKIT

MAKE A FEW SMALL CHANGES TO YOUR CIRCUIT AND ACCESSORIES. First, take the DC motor off the mounting board. Snap two adhesive shoes to the motor and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{I}}$ then take the backing off and stick to a table edge. Attach a paper plate to the top of the wheel with Glue Dots.



Turn power on, set the slide dimmer to





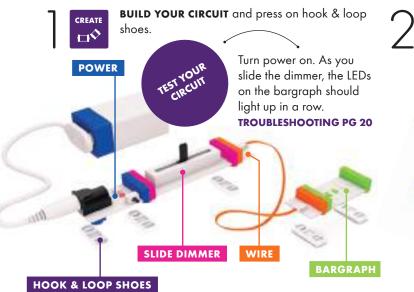












Decorate template A from your Kit. This will be your Megablaster wrist cuff. Think about your FAVORITE SUPERHERO for inspiration.

inside of template A with Glue Dots.

MAKE THE WRIST CUFF by sticking the battery to the

Cut a 3.5" (9cm) piece of hook & loop strip.

Wrap it around your wrist with the battery on the inside and tape it in place. STICK HOOK & LOOP STRIP TO CUFF and press power and slide dimmer onto the cuff as shown.



Tape template A to itself as shown while it is wrapped around your arm.

MAKE THE SUPERPOWER-BLASTING HAND PIECE. Cut a 2" (5cm) hook & loop strip, and stick it to your hand. Press the bargraph portion of the circuit to the strip.

YOU'RE A SUPERHERO! Slide the dimmer to light up the bargraph and activate your imaginary power.



COMMUNITY CHALLENGE: MAKE A SUPERHERO COSTUME to match your Megablaster! SHARE AT LITTLEBITS.CC/GGKIT





REMOVE THE CIRCUIT FROM THE CUFF AND CONNECT IT TO THE DOG COLLAR with hook & loop strips, just like you did with the cuffs. Secure the battery to the collar using tape or a rubber band.



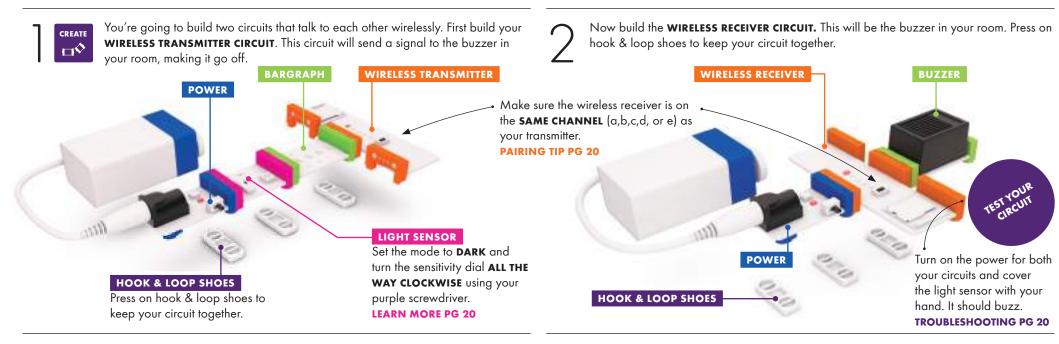
COMMUNITY CHALLENGE: What will pets be wearing in THE YEAR **3000?** Create futuristic pet fashion with Bits and share the look.



WIRELESS DOORBELL

CREATE AN INVENTION THAT KEEPS PEOPLE FROM BURSTING INTO YOUR PRIVATE SPACE! Your new doorbell will alert you when someone wishes to enter by sending a wireless signal from outside the door to the buzzer inside your room. Could you use this system to communicate secret messages without your parents knowing? Show us how you're using the wireless doorbell on our





Cut pieces of the hook & loop strip and stick them to the place you want your doorbell to hang. Attach the TRANSMITTER CIRCUIT to the strips, and place the receiver inside your room **USING THE SAME METHOD**. Stick your battery to the wall with Glue Dots.







PRIVACY, PLEASE! Keep your parents' or siblings' grubby fingers out of your stuff by setting up a wireless alarm system. By in your drawer, you'll know that someone is looking through your stuff when your buzzer goes off on your receiver circuit.

MATERIALS

• drawer or secret compartment

mounting board



ADJUST YOUR INVENTION. Switch the light sensor's mode to **LIGHT** and turn the SENSITIVITY DIAL ALL THE WAY **CLOCKWISE**. Any hint of light will now trigger an alarm!



CUSTOMIZE: This wireless alarm can be installed anyan entire room? **EXPERIMENT** WITH DIFFERENT SPACES and light sensor sensitivities. Know when someone walks into a room and turns on a light.



GUESTS CAN NOW ANNOUNCE THEIR ARRIVAL BY COVERING THE LIGHT

SENSOR TO "PRESS" THE DOORBELL. Try adjusting the sensitivity on the light sensor

and see if you can get it to detect the shadow of anyone approaching your room.

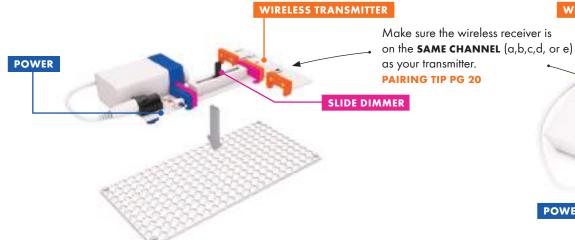
MISCHIEF MACHINE

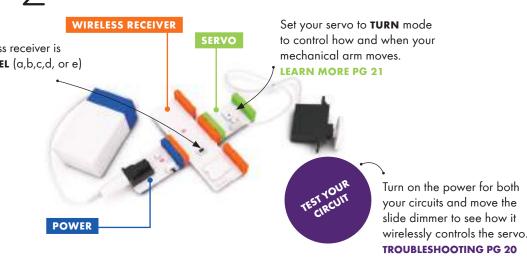
CREATE AN INVENTION TO MAKE YOUR PARENTS SHRIEK, EEK! A pair of wireless Bits™ and a servo help you pull this prank on unsuspecting friends and family while you watch it all go down. Wirelessly control the mechanical arm to rustle whatever you put it into - is it a mouse or a monster? Who knows! Just hope they don't prank you back.



You're going to build two circuits that talk to each other wirelessly. First build your WIRELESS TRANSMITTER CIRCUIT, which will work as your remote controller, sending its signal to the mechanical arm. Then press it onto a mounting board.

Build the second circuit. This will be the WIRELESS RECEIVER CIRCUIT that will rustle your bag.





BUILD YOUR PRANK ARM. On the receiver circuit, assemble the servo mount, hub, and mechanical arm using a Phillips-head screwdriver. The servo hub has two hole

sizes, the arm will screw into the smaller holes.

Use Glue Dots to stick the batteries onto the mounting board.

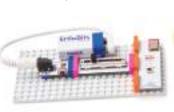
A MOUNTING BOARD.

PRESS YOUR RECEIVER CIRCUIT ONTO

Remove the ball from the ball

HIDE THE ENTIRE RECEIVER CIRCUIT INSIDE A CHIP BAG and place it wherever your unsuspecting victim will find it. Quickly slide the dimmer back and forth when you're ready to scare the daylights out of them!





COMMUNITY CHALLENGE: HOW LOUD CAN YOU MAKE SOMEONE SCREAM? TAKE A VIDEO of your personalized prank and share it on the community page!



You can use your Mischief Machine for all kinds of fun - NOT JUST PRANKS! We found it's great for playing mini golf. Build your golf course using some colored paper and a paper cup. Can you cook up any

- MATERIALS ball from caster
- bottle cap
- paper cup
- NICE TO HAVE
- colored paper
- toothpick (flag)



SHARE AT
LITTLEBITS.CC/GGKIT

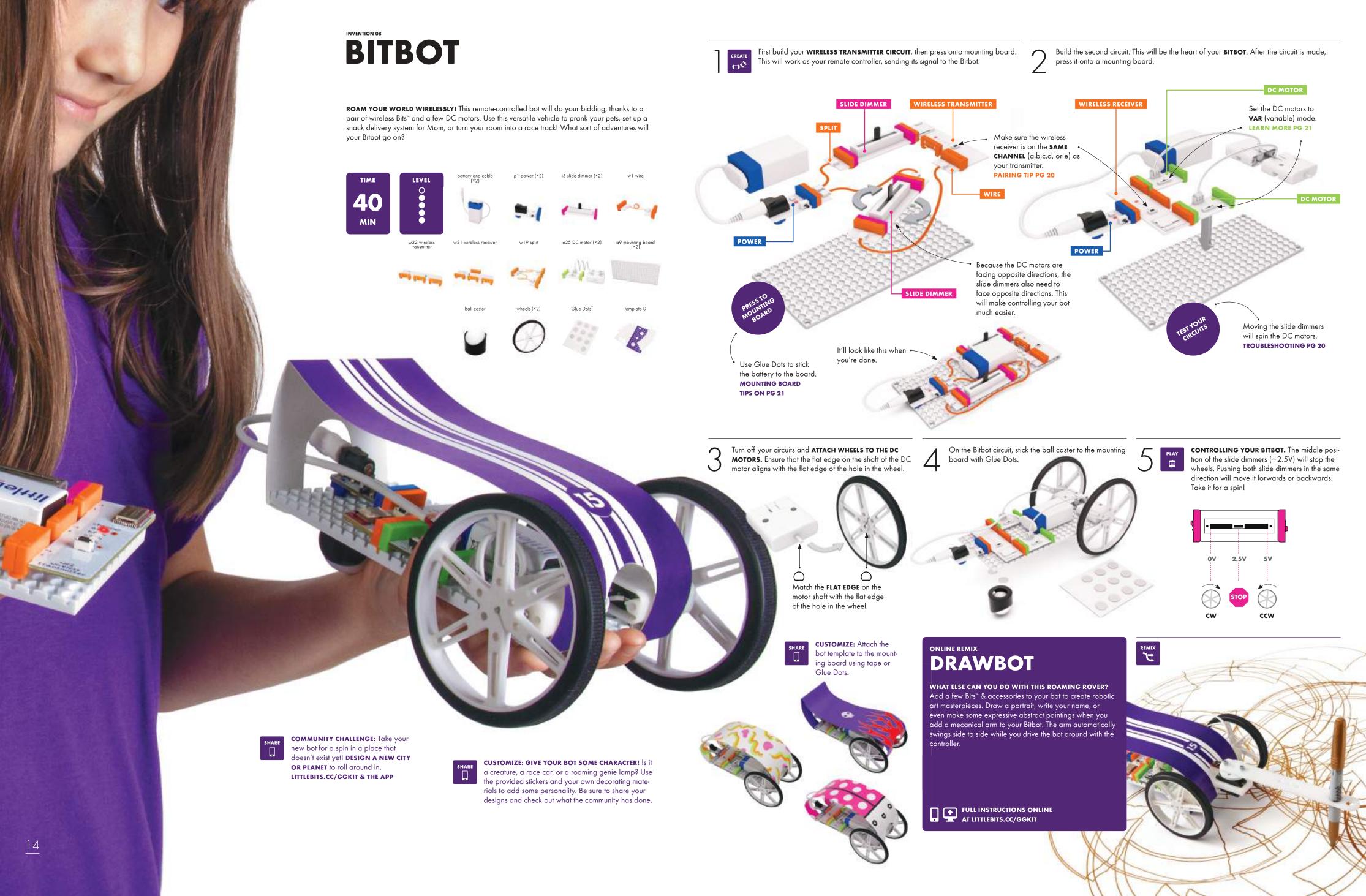




PLAY GOLF! Line up your new golf putter and swing away wirelessly.

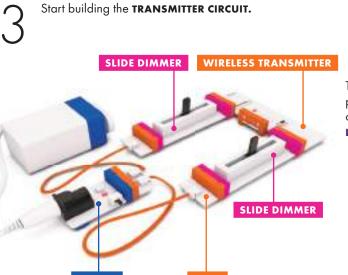




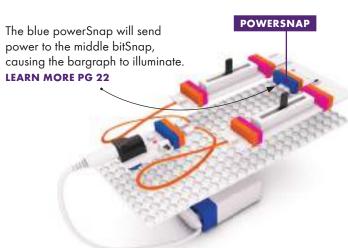




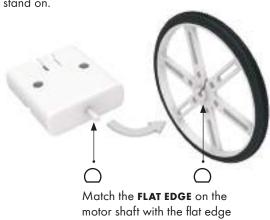




Finish the TRANSMITTER CIRCUIT by adding a POWER-**SNAP** to the middle bitSnap on the transmitter circuit. Then, press onto a mounting board.



TURN OFF THE PROJECTOR CIRCUIT AND ADD WHEELS TO THE DC MOTORS. The wheels will help you spin your projector and provide the structure for the projector to



of the hole in the wheel.

Tape all cables down so they don't stick out over the edge of the board. Stand the Rotolamp up with one wheel as the base. Use the transmitter circuit to spin the projector!

Build the **ROTOLAMP SLEEVE** from templates E1 and E2 and place it on top of the Rotolamp circuit. Make sure to turn off your Rotolamp circuit while building the sleeve.



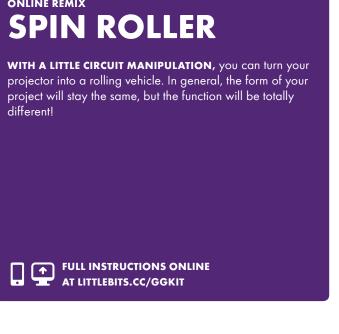
PLACE YOUR ROTOLAMP IN A DARK ROOM near a wall. On both circuits, turn power on and watch your invention illuminate the walls.



On both circuits, turn power on. On the **TRANSMITTER-CIRCUIT**, slide the dimmers to change the direction and speed of the wheels on your projector circuit. **TROUBLESHOOTING PG 20**







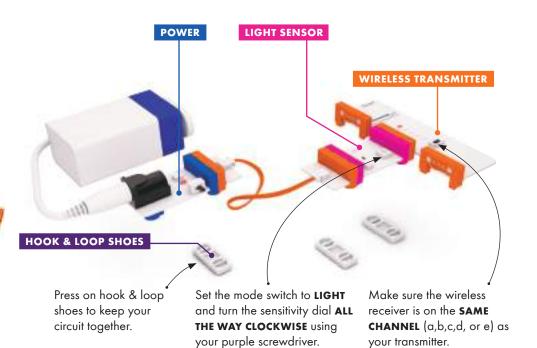


SPY BOX

YOU'VE BEEN PROMOTED TO TOP-SECRET SPY! Your mission, should you choose to accept it, is to organize a hand-off with a surprising and dramatic reveal. When your fellow spy picks up the trigger, your secret spy box will open, allowing your partner to get at the stashed goods. This is made possible with wireless Bits™ and a servo that pushes a secret door open.



First build your WIRELESS TRANSMITTER CIRCUIT, which will work as your remote CREATE controller, sending its signal to the receiver in the box.

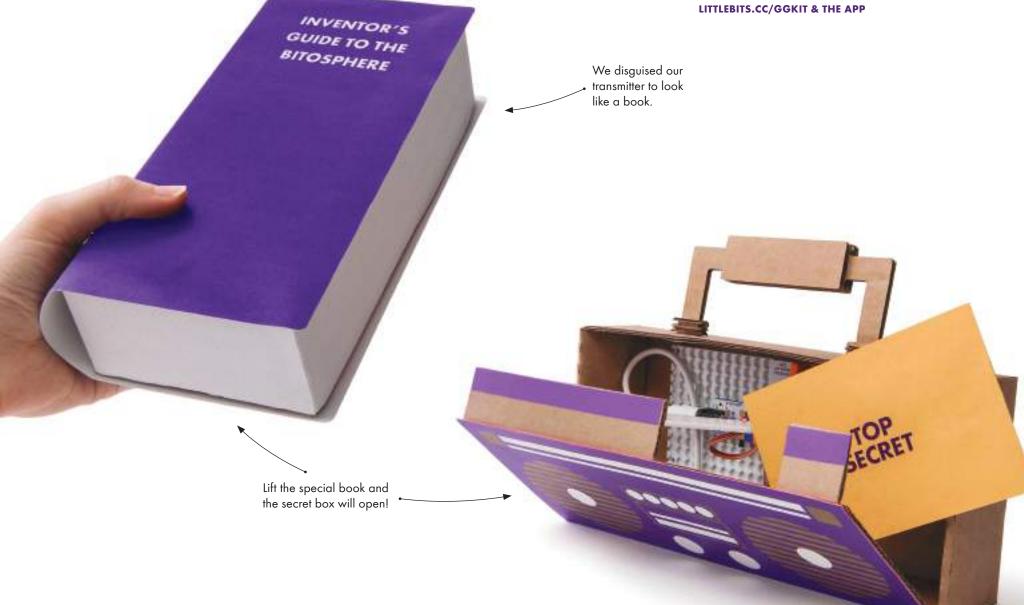


LEARN MORE PG 20

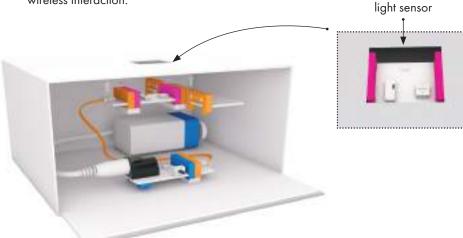


COMMUNITY CHALLENGE: Your next mission is to MAKE YOUR OWN SPY MOVIE. Devise a secret mission and ask your parents to film as you act it out. Invite all your friends to the premier!

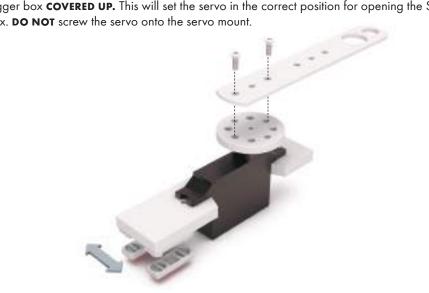
PAIRING TIP PG 20



BUILD A TRIGGER BOX and place your transmitter circuit within it. Cut out a small hole, and use Glue Dots to stick the light sensor and wireless transmitter to the side with the hole. The light sensor should be facing out of the hole. Exposing the light sensor will activate the



BUILD THE MECHANICAL ARM with the receiver and transmitter **ON**, and the hole of the trigger box **COVERED UP.** This will set the servo in the correct position for opening the Spy Box. **DO NOT** screw the servo onto the servo mount.



Use Glue Dots and adhesive shoes to ATTACH THE SERVO TO THE TOP OF THE INSIDE OF **THE BOX** so that the mechanical arm pushes against the top of the flap when triggered. Stick the mounting board to the back of the box using more Glue Dots. (Note: Adhesive



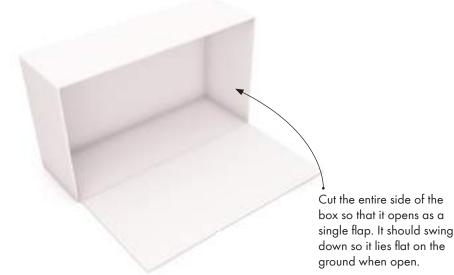
GATHER YOUR AUDIENCE! Tell them that you have created a magic connection between your magic hat and magician's wand. Slowly lift your hat and amaze your audience as the wand slowly begins to rise into the air. By swapping a few Bits and adding some specialty props, you can turn your spy box into a magic trick fit for



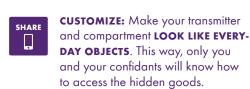
the stage!

Build the **RECEIVER CIRCUIT.** Press it onto a mounting board. Set your servo to **TURN** mode to control the direction and speed of your arm. Turn both circuits on and set your wireless Bits™ to the same channel [a,b,c,d, or e]. Cover up the hole on the trigger box to see the servo turn on the receiver circuit. **TROUBLESHOOTING PG 20**

BUILD YOUR SPY BOX. You can use any kind of box that's at least as long as the mechanical arm.

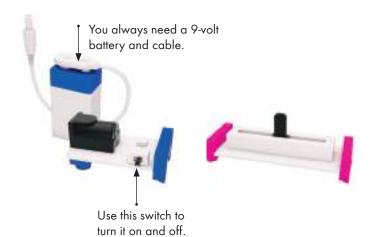


Turn on the transmitter circuit, close up the trigger box, and set it down with the hole facing down. Turn on the secret compartment, stash your goods, and close it. When you're ready, ASK YOUR FELLOW SPY TO PICK UP THE TRIGGER BOX. This will wirelessly activate the secret compartment, revealing the hidden goods!





BIT INDEX



p1 POWER

The power Bit lets you use a 9-volt battery to supply power to all the Bits that are connected. It also sends a 5-volt signal that controls what your other Bits do. Connect the battery and cable and flip the switch to turn it on. To make a simple circuit, connect the power Bit to any green output Bit (like the bargraph).



AC ADAPTER

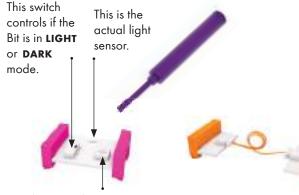
SEE IN **ALL THE PROJECTS!**

i5 SLIDE DIMMER

You control the slide dimmer by moving its slider from one end of the Bit to the other. By doing this, you are changing the signal that runs through your circuit. It functions just like a light dimmer you might find at home, or a volume fader in a recording studio. Snap a bargraph Bit after it for some adjustable mood lighting. The slide dimmer is an analog input, which means that as you adjust the position of the slider, you are changing the signal that runs through your circuit.



SEE IN **MEGABLASTER PG 6**



Use the screwdriver accessory to control the sensitivity here.

i13 LIGHT SENSOR

The light sensor measures how much light is shining on it. It has two modes: LIGHT and DARK. In LIGHT mode, the more light shines on the sensor, the more signal it lets through. In **DARK** mode, it's just the opposite - the signal increases as the environment gets darker. You can use the purple screwdriver to adjust the sensitivity of the sensor. Snap before a bargraph to see how it works! The light sensor is an analog input. This means the amount of signal sent to the Bits that follow it changes depending on how



SEE IN WIRELESS DOORBELL PG 8

NIGHT LIGHT SENSOR

PRO TIP In DARK mode, turn the sensitivity dial all the way clockwise using your purple screwdriver. This essentially turns your sensor into a button.

w1 WIRE

The wire does just what it sounds like - it allows you to put more space between your Bits. Try it whenever you need to break up your chain, like when you need to put a light at the top of a model building!

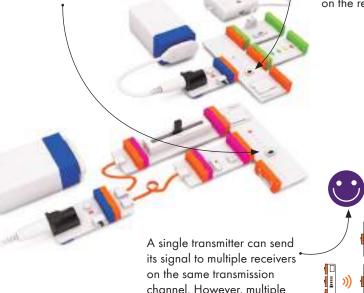
REAL WORLD ANALOGY **EXTENSION CORD**

MEGABLASTER PG 6

A,B,C,D OR E.

SETTING UP WIRELESS The five transmission channels allow for up to five transmitter/ receiver pairs to be used in the the board and choose same vicinity

PAIRING TIP



w22 WIRELESS TRANSMITTER & w21 WIRELESS RECEIVER Control your Bits remotely with The wireless Bits are able to

These Bits need each other in order to wor

the wireless transmitter and communicate on five different receiver. To do this, you'll need transmission channels, like a walkie talkie. Both the wireless to make two separate circuits, one to transmit the signal and transmitter and receiver need to be set to the same channel one to receive it. The three bitSnaps (labeled 1, 2, and in order to talk to each other. 3) on both the transmitter and receiver correspond to each REAL WORLD ANALOGY other. For example, if you send a signal through bitSnap 1 on the transmitter circuit, the output connected to bitSnap

The Bits can communicate a signal

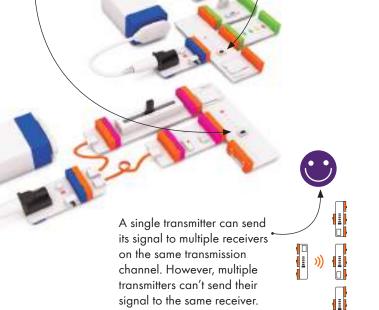
up to a distance of about 100 feet

indoors!

MISCHIEF MACHINE 1 on the receiver circuit will send out that same signal.

PRO TIP When playing with Bitbot or Rotolamp, we recommend that you turn the transmitter circuit on first and set the slide dimmers to the halfway position (2.5V). Since the motors on the receiver circuit are in VAR (variable) mode, they will stand still when you turn on the receiver circuit.

WALKIE TALKIES



wire out

w19 SPLIT

The split Bit sends a single signal to two other Bits. It's great for controlling two outputs with one input, like driving two motors with one light sensor. You can also use it like a wire Bit if you ignore one of the connections. Both WIRE OUT bitSnaps will output the same amount of signal voltage that they receive from the **WIRE IN** bitSnap.



REAL WORLD ANALOGY **POWER STRIP**

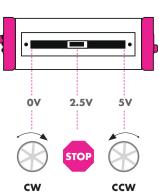
SEE IN **BITBOT PG 14**

The DC (or "direct current") motor rotates a shaft when you send it a signal. The **cw/** VAR/CCW (clockwise, variable, and counter-clockwise) switch controls the direction it rotates. The tethered motor can be oriented in any direction and pressed onto littleBits mounting boards and shoes. For a more permanent mounting solution, you can use screws to secure the motor to a surface with the mounting holes. The mounting holes are also designed to fit with Actobotics[™] parts.

REAL WORLD ANALOGY REMOTE CONTROL CAR

SEE IN

When the DC motor is in VAR receives from an analog input,



o9 BARGRAPH

The bargraph has five LEDs in different colors that light up to show you how much signal the Bit is receiving. Try it with a slide dimmer to make your own adjustable lamp.

The bargraph is a great indi-

cator of how much signal is

passing through your circuit.

REAL WORLD ANALOGY MUSIC VISUALIZER **BUBBLEBOT PG 10**

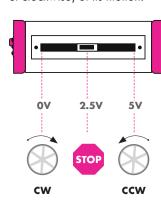
WHEELS

inventions alike



ROTOLAMP PG 16

(variable) mode, the amount of signal voltage the motor like a slide dimmer, allows you to control the speed and direction (clockwise or counter-clockwise) of its motion.



o6 BUZZER

The buzzer is like the sound in an alarm clock: it makes a noise that you just can't ignore. It buzzes whenever it gets an **ON** signal. Try using it to make your own doorbell or alarm!

> REAL WORLD ANALOGY **CAR HORN** DOORBELL

> > SEE IN WIRELESS DOORBELL

o13 FAN

The fan is just what you'd think: a small electric fan tethered to a Bit. Use our little fan to create fluttering movement in your creations or just to keep yourself cool. Feet attached to the fan allow you to secure it onto a mounting board or shoes.



HOUSEHOLD FAN COMPUTER FAN

SEE IN REAL WORLD ANALOGY **BUBBLEBOT PG 10**



BUMPERBALL PG12

SPEEDOMETER

The servo is a controllable

motor that can swing back

other Bits determines the

and forth. It has two modes:

in **TURN** mode, the input from

position of the arm. Try using

a dimmer to set the angle you

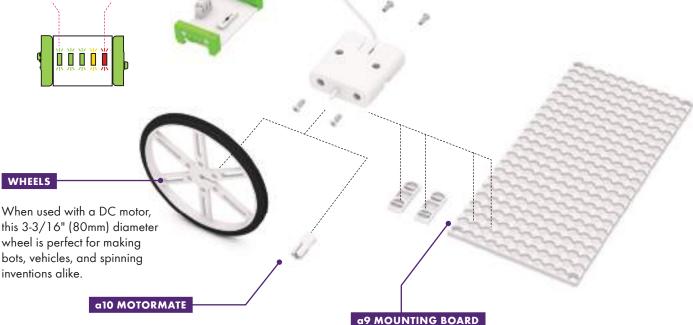
servo will move back and forth

on its own - the input controls

want. In SWING mode, the

the speed. Attach a flag to

make a signaling machine!



The motorMate makes it easy to attach paper, cardboard, LEGO® axles, and lots of other materials to the DC motor. Simply slide the motorMate onto the shaft on the motor. The motorMate has two different sized slots: one fits most standard craft sticks and the other fits

To use the mounting board always first snap together your littleBits circuit, then press the feet of your Bits into the holes of the mounting board. Press down on the bitSnaps - not the circuit board - when attaching your Bits to the mounting board. There are four holes in the corners so you can permanently mount your circuit to any surface.

TROUBLE-**SHOOTING**

MY CIRCUIT ISN'T WORKING 1) Make sure your power Bit is on.

You should see a red LED illuminated

2) Try swapping in a new 9-volt pattery. Low batteries can cause a circuit to behave erratically. 3) Make sure the power cable is securely fastened to both the battery as well as to the power Bit.

4) Make sure your Bits are arranged in the proper order. Remember that you always need a power Bit + pow er supply at the beginning of each circuit and an output Bit at the end. If the last Bit in your chain is an input,

then it won't do anything to affect

5) Check your connections. Make sure that all the Bits are securely snapped to each other. You can also try gently wiping down the ends of the bitSnaps with a soft cloth (like your sleeve) - sometimes dust gets in the way of a strong connection. While the circuit is still on, try unsnapping, cleaning the bitSnaps, and snapping it all back together again.

THE SENSITIVITY OF MY LIGHT SENSOR KEEPS CHANGING

Are you moving your circuit around between different rooms and spaces? Light conditions can vary quite a bit depending on many different factors like the type of light you're working under, or the time of day (sun coming in from the windows comes in at different angles, depending on what time it is). If your light sensor is in a new environment (for example, if the sun went down), it can change how the circuit responds to the situation.

THE SENSOR IS NOT TURN-ING ALL THE WAY ON/OFF WHEN I COMPLETELY COVER **UP THE SENSOR WITH MY** FINGERTIP. THE SENSOR IS **NOT REACTING TO CHANGES** IN LIGHTNESS/DARKNESS.

×

 \prod

1) Make sure you are covering the sensor component on the board. 2) If the ambient light is bright enough, the light may actually be traveling through your fingertip and hitting the light sensor - it's quite sensitive. You may need to move to an area with a little less light or try to shield your circuit from ambient light.

MY WIRELESS TRANSMITTER/ RECEIVER DOESN'T SEEM TO BE DOING ANYTHING.

The transmitter and receiver only work as a pair. You will need to make two separate circuits, each with its own power supply.

MY WIRELESS PAIR ARE NOT COMMUNICATING/ACTING ERRATICALLY.

1) Make sure both circuits are switched on and that the batteries have enough power. A low battery in either the transmitter or receiver can make your circuits behave erratically.

2) Then, make sure both the transmitter and receiver are on the same channel. Also make sure no one else in the area is using the same channel

3) Make sure your bitSnaps cor relate. If you are using a slide dimmer on bitSnap 1 on the transmitter to control a bargraph on the receiver, the bargraph should be snapped to bitSnap 1 on the receiver. 4) Make sure your two circuits are

in range of one another. Try moving closer to see if that helps. Sometimes obstacles (like walls and floors) can

ERRATICALLY

1) Check your battery. Try swapping in a new one.

2) Check to make sure the servo's wire is connected to the board. 3) The servo motor can only take so much weight. If you have something attached to it, you might need to lighten the load.

4) If your servo is receiving a signal from a light sensor, changing light conditions may have an effect on your servo. Try placing the circuit in a more stable light environment, like away from a window.

HOW CAN I CHANGE THE POSITION OF MY MECHANI-CAL ARM?

thicker papers like cardstock.

the servo hub from the servo motor? To do this, hold the black part of the servo motor and pull the hub away from it. It should pop off. Then you can rotate the position of the arm to your liking and press the hub back on. You may need to try this a few

Did you know that you can remove

times to get it just right.

TER CIRCUIT IN BITBOT OR ATTACHING THE WHEEL/ ON MY RECEIVER CIRCUIT ARE STILL RUNNING

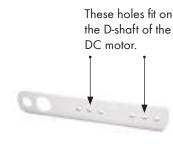
motors are set to **VAR** (variable) mode. When the wireless transmitter is off, the wireless receiver assumes that it is receiving a OV signal. As seen above, in variable mode, a OV signal causes the motor to rotate CW (clockwise) mode at full speed. If you don't want this to happen, just turn off the receiver circuit before you turn off the transmitter.

ROTOLAMP, BUT THE WHEELS MOTORMATE TO MY MOTOR. Make sure that the flat side of the hole on the wheel/motorMate matches up with the flat side on the motor shaft.

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BIT INDEX











The ball caster works as a

BALL CASTER



The servo hub lets you eas-The mechanical arm can ily attach materials to your servo motor and add more complex movements to your littleBits projects your projects.

The servo hub has two different sized mounting holes. When used with the included #6 screws, the larger holes are through holes and the smaller holes are self-tapping.

The servo hub can be removed by gently pulling it off the servo motor. This is helpful if you need to reorient how the holes are positioned for a project.

Your servo also comes with a few extra black attachments to help you in your inventions. These parts are interchangeable with the servo hub.

For a more permanent connection, secure the hub/arm attachments to the servo with the tiny screw found in the extra servo accessories.

To attach the servo mount, gently press the servo motor in from the side, then secure the servo motor to the mount with two #6 screws and a Phillips-head screwdriver.

The servo mount has two feet that fit into a mounting board or shoes.

- across intestines causing serious infections and death. Seek immediate medical attention if magnets are
- Most modules are small parts. DO NOT designs. This is normal. Rearrange modules or discontinue using if they ith or near this product become excessively hot.
- Discontinue use of any modules that malfunction, become damaged or broken. NEVER connect any modules or circuits o any AC electrical outlet · Do not touch or hold any moving parts VERY IMPORTANT NOTE of modules while they are operating Several projects in this kit involve the use of sharp objects. These tools should be used ONLY under direct adult
- Keep conductive materials (such as aluminum foil, staples, paper clips etc.) away from the circuit and the connector terminals.

 Always turn off circuits when not in
- Never use modules in or near any

MECHANICAL ARM

be used with both the servo and DC motor to expand the mechanical capabilities of



SERVO MOUNT

With the servo mount, you can secure the tethered servo motor to a mounting board or any surface using

Connects to the servo hub with the screws provided.

These shoes have a VELCRO® like backing. Simply snap together your littleBits circuit, press the feet of your Bits into the holes of the shoes, and then place the circuit on the provided HOOK & LOOP **STRIP.** Cut the strip to the size you need before peeling off the backing, and stick to any surface.



BIC[™]-sized pen.

CARE AND CLEANING

wipe with a dry cloth.

The servo's range of motion is about 140°.

humidity, dust or sand.

Modules are subject to damage by static electricity. Handle with care.

Po not connect the two battery terminals to any conducting material.

· Some modules may become warm to the

We recommend using littleBits brand 9-volt batteries, but standard alkaline

a7 ADHESIVE SHOES

These shoes have a sticky backing. Simply snap together your littleBits circuit, press the feet of your Bits into the holes of the shoes, remove the red adhesive backing, and place the circuit on any surface - paper, cardboard, plastic - you name it!



a6 HOOK & LOOP SHOES

Fits a standard marker.



in the hole, wrap rubber

bands around the pen on

either side of the hole to

interference that may cause undesired

hese limits are designed to provide

uses and can radiate radio frequency

in accordance with the instructions

guarantee that interference will not

f this equipment does cause harmful

reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the

the interference by one or more of the

ccur in a particular installation

energy and, if not installed and used

may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no

interference in a residential

hold it snugly in place.

Clean modules ONLY by wiping with a dry cloth. If necessary, isopropyl alcohol or a cloth may be used sparingly, and then

DO NOT use any other cleaning products

FC RADIO AND TELEVISION INTERFERENCE

1) This device may not cause harmful

FCC ID: SH6MDBT40 This device complies with the limits for

a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is

a8 BRICK ADAPTERS

The brick adapter enables you to easily attach Bits to LEGO® bricks. Each pack comes with brick adapter studs and sockets. With brick adapter studs, your Bits will defy gravity! Simply attach the adapter underneath your bricks and press the feet of your Bits into place. With brick adapter sockets, you can mount your Bits on top of LEGO bricks. Simply attach the adapter to your bricks, and press the feet of your Bits into place.

transmitter, using a split will only send power to two of the wireless transmitter's input bitSnaps. The third input bitSnap is left hanging - this is where the powerSnap comes in. Adding a powerSnap to that third input bitSnap is an easy way to supply power to the hanging input without the need for extra forks, splits, or power supplies. The power-Snap basically takes the power from the power supply pin of the circuit (often referred to as VCC) and reroutes it to the

a21 POWERSNAP





This powerSnap re-routes the power coming from the power Bit, so the circuit only needs one power Bit.

Every littleBits circuit needs power and every Bit receives wheel, and can be attached power through its input to a surface using Glue Dots[®] bitSnap. For Bits with multior small screws (not included). The white ball can also be ple inputs, like the wireless removed from the socket to be used as a ball.

Note that powerSnaps are not currently compatible with 2-input logic Bits.

input bitSnap's signal pin.





Increase the separation between the

· Consult the dealer or an experienced

Changes and Modifications not expressly

registrant of this equipment can void

your authority to operate this equipment

equipment and the receiver

radio/TV technician for help.

The powerSnap only works in conjunction with a power Bit and power supply (e.g. a battery), and is not a replacement for them. You should only use a powerSnap with Bits that have multiple input bitSnaps, like the wireless transmitter.

www.littleBits.cc

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THE LITTLEBITS INVENTION CYCLE



CREATE

Put something together. It doesn't matter if you build it from instructions or make something from your imagination. Your first creation may not be perfect, and it might even fail, but the truth is that failure is actually pretty helpful. When something doesn't work, you get a chance to learn why, and fix it.

PLAY

Use it! Playing with what you created is a lot of fun, but it's also an important part of being an inventor. Playing is a kind of test run, a chance to see how well your creation works and look for ways you can make it better.

REMIX

Start experimenting. Try adding new Bits, swapping parts with other inventions, or taking all the pieces apart and putting them together in a different way. Remixing is a great way to improve what you've created or discover new ways to use it.

SHARE

Inspire others by showing the world what you've created. Get inspired by exploring what other people have shared. Try creating, playing with, and remixing their inventions to see what new and wonderful things you can create. This is how the community grows and awesome new inventions enter the world.

FAVORITE MATERIALS + USEFUL TOOLS

EVERY MAKER LIKES TO HAVE SOME GOOD MATERIALS AND **TOOLS ON HAND.** Here are some of our favorites. If you're going to be making a lot of projects, you might want to collect some of these things ahead of time and keep them in a tool box or bin. Less time searching the house for tools means more time inventing cool stuff!

CARDBOARD Even the fanciest littleBits projects usually start out as cardboard models. Shipping boxes are a good source of rigid corrugated cardboard - cereal boxes are the perfect source for thinner, more flexible stuff

GLUE DOTS® Half-way between glue and tape, these doublesided sticky dots are easy to apply, don't need to dry, and have serious sticking power.

EMPTY CONTAINERS (PAPER CUPS, MILK JUGS, WATER BOTTLES) We go through our recycling bins all the time looking for cool shapes and materials to work with (pro tip: wash before using!).

CONSTRUCTION TOYS These are a great way to build quick structures for littleBits projects (check out the Bumperball remix we did with LEGO® for



SCISSORS STRING **CONSTRUCTION PAPER** CAMERA PHILIPS-HEAD SCREWDRIVER TAPE **RULER SKETCHBOOK PENCILS, PENS & MARKERS**

GET CONNECTED



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INVENTORS. You bring ambitious ideas to life, and use failure as an opportunity to make your inventions better. Your inventions tell stories, about you and the world around you. You are a lifelong learner. Most of all, you empower like-minded inventors to keep creating inventions of every size and shape. Discover your community online at littleBits.cc/community, or right in the palm of your hand.

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Featured Projects **SHARE YOUR CREATIONS ONLINE** The little Air Boat was a collaborative effort from our group of 5 people over... inventing possibilities. ₩ 54 mm 18

QUICKLY VIEW PROJECTS YOU HAVE LIKED

TAKE AND SHARE QUALITY PHOTOS OF YOUR PROJECTS

MANAGE YOUR BIT INVENTORY AND BUILD YOUR LIBRARY

FIND YOUR COMMUNITY ONLINE.

At littleBits.cc/community, or right in the palm of your hand. The littleBits App features hundreds of inventions you can make with the Bits you own. Plus, you get to see what other Bitsters just like you create, and share your own creations and stories. Download the littleBits App to get inspiration for new projects, step-by-step instructions for inventions, community challenges and to discover a world of infinite

...AND MORE!

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